

# Spectral unmixing of localized surface plasmon resonances from an electron energy-loss spectroscopy dataset

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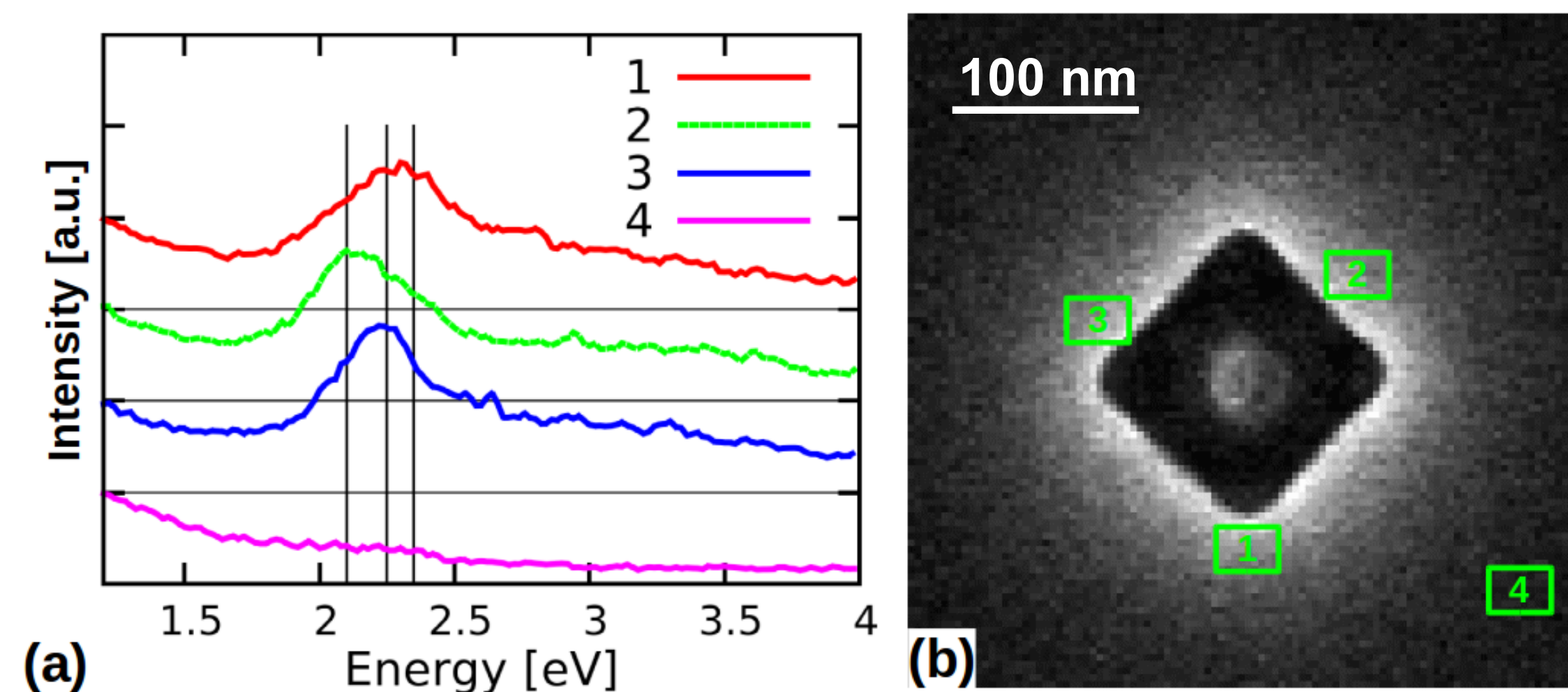
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## Introduction

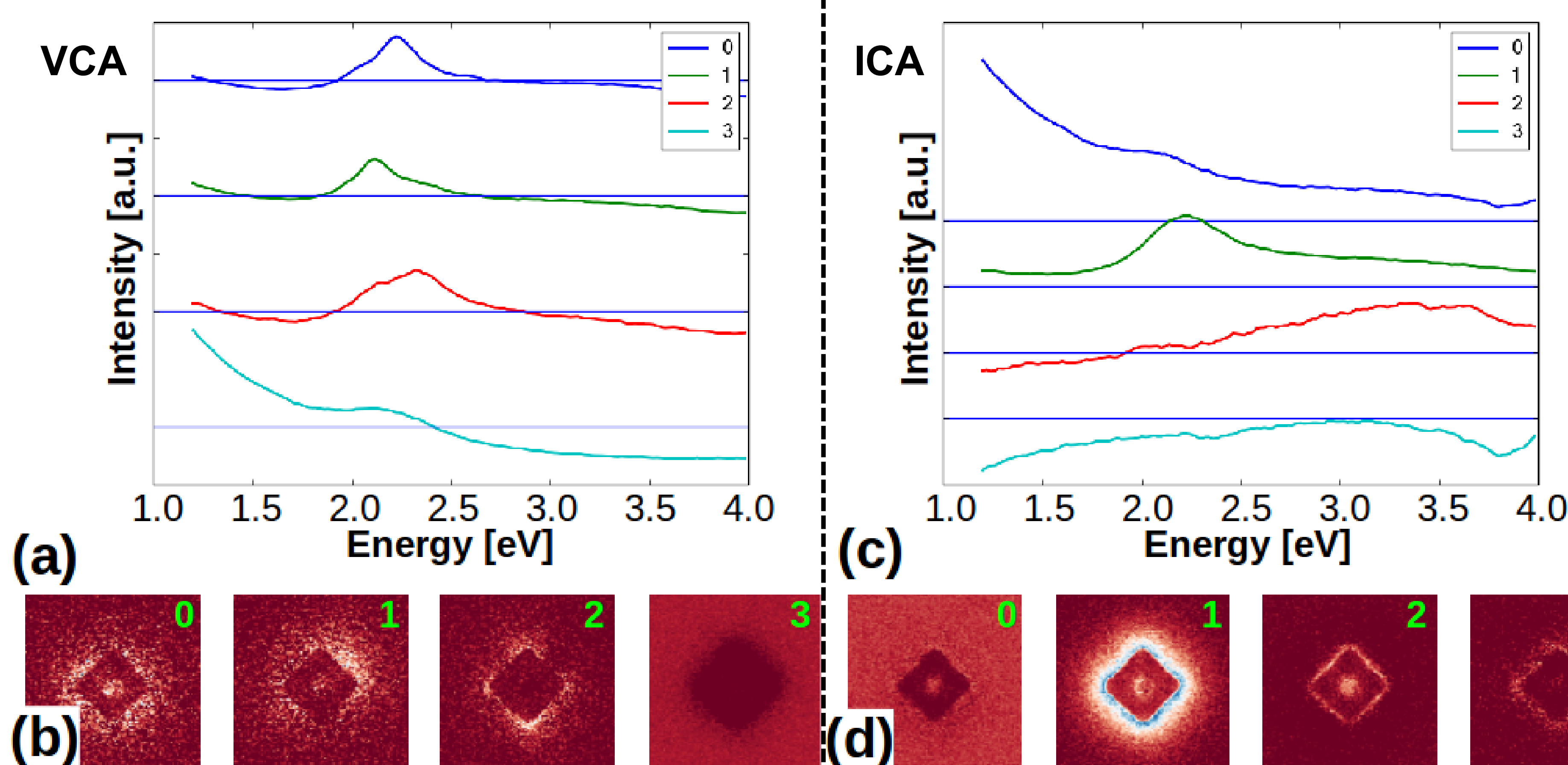
Monochromated electron energy-loss spectroscopy (EELS) imaging has recently been used to map localized surface plasmon resonances (LSPRs) in supported Au and Ag particles. Three-dimensional imaging of LSPRs has been demonstrated by combining multivariate statistical analysis, compressed sensing and electron tomography [1]. The application of algorithms based on spectral unmixing to low-loss EELS is promising for surface plasmon resonance mapping of complex structures, for which the direct calculation of LSPRs cannot be achieved. The robustness of SU-based algorithms for extracting spectral components from large datasets without introducing prior knowledge also promises to allow the direct reconstruction of three-dimensional information about the LSPRs of complex structures.

## Method



(a) Averaged EELS spectra from the marked positions in (b).  
(b) 2.0-2.5 eV-loss image of a AuAg nanobox.

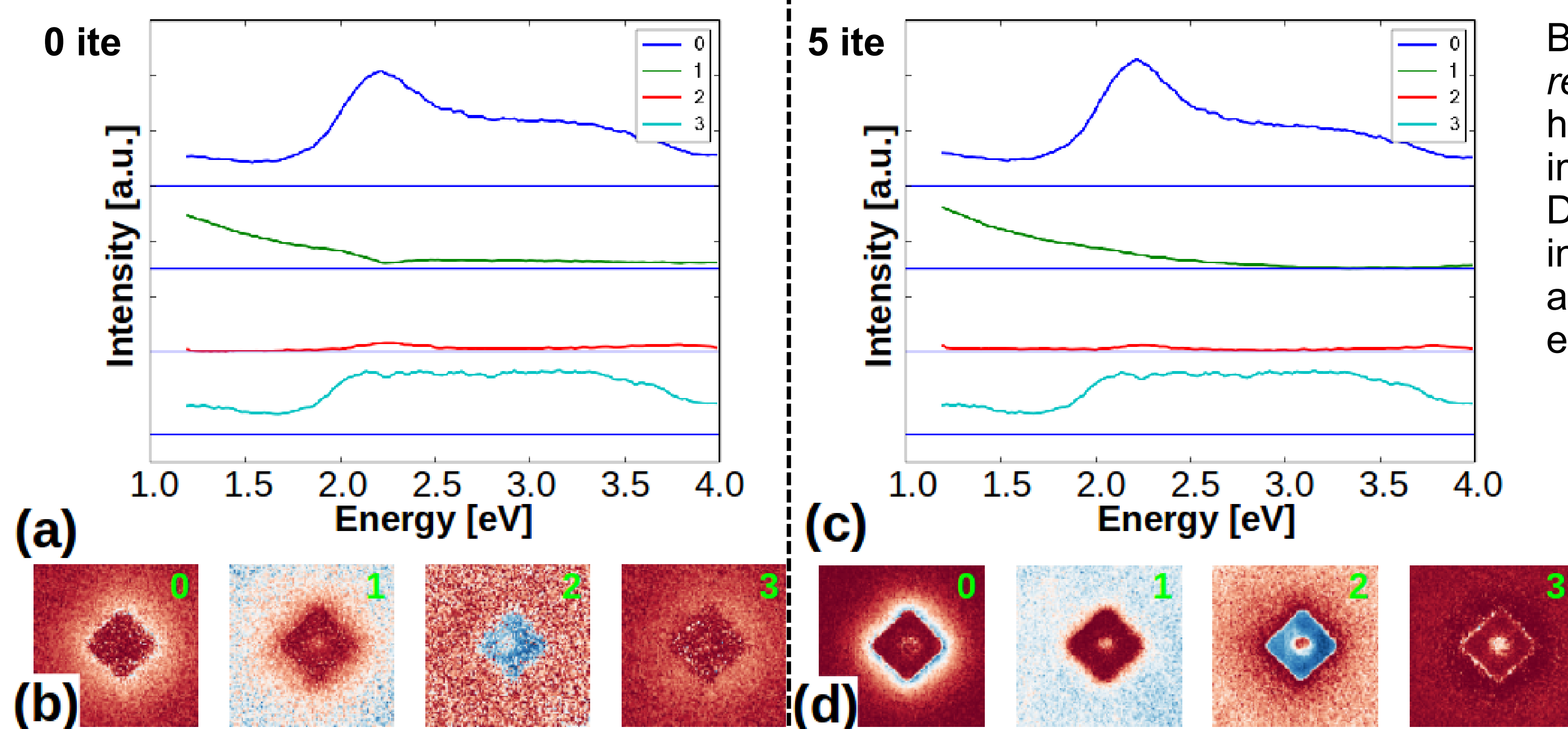
## Vertex and independent component analysis decomposition



The spectral signatures obtained from VCA decomposition [2-3] are in better agreement with the spectra extracted from the raw dataset than are the spectral signatures obtained from ICA [4]. However, VCA requires the assumption of the presence of pure pixels in the analyzed image, which limits its ability to recover spectral plasmonic signatures from EELS datasets.

Spectral components extracted by (a) VCA and (c) ICA from the AuAg nanobox shown above. The corresponding maps are depicted in (b, d).

## Bayesian linear unmixing (BLU) for 0 and 5 iterations



BLU decomposition, which does not require the pure pixel assumption, has been performed using the implementation proposed by Dobigeon et al. [5]. An improvement in the spectral signatures and the associated maps is visible (see, for example, background component 1).

(a, c) Spectral components extracted by BLU after 0 and 5 iterations of the BLU decomposition from the AuAg nanobox shown above. The corresponding maps are depicted in (b, d).

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